

TheIntelligencer.

WHEELING, OCTOBER 19, 1896.



NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President,
WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
of Ohio.

For Vice President,
GARRET A. HOBART,
of New Jersey.

For Presidential Electors.
At Large,
JAMES P. FITCH, of Monongalia co.
B. RATHBONE, of Wirt county.

First District—**H. DOVENER**, Ohio co.
Second—**A. G. DAYTON**, of Barbour co.
Third—**C. P. DORR**, of Webster co.
Fourth—**WARREN MILLER**, Jackson co.

STATE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor,
G. W. ATKINSON,
of Ohio county.

For Auditor,
L. M. LA FOLLETTE,
of Taylor county.

For Treasurer,
M. A. KENDALL,
of Wood county.

For Attorney General,
E. P. RUCKER,
of McDowell county.

For Superintendent of Schools,
J. R. TROTTER,
of Upshur county.

For Judge of Court of Appeals,
H. C. McWHORTER,
of Kanawha county.

First District Judicial Ticket.

JOSEPH R. PAULL,
of Ohio county.

H. C. HERVEY,
of Brooke county.

Ohio County Republican Ticket.

For Sheriff,
H. C. RICHARDS.

For Clerk of County Court,
RICHARD ROBERTSON.

For Clerk of Circuit Court,
CHARLES H. HENNING.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
WILLIAM C. MEYER.

For Assessor (City),
ADDISON ISRAEL.

For Assessor (County),
ROBERT ANDERSON.

For County Surveyor,
ROBERT HAZLETT.

For House of Delegates,
H. F. BEHRNS.

W. H. BLON.

T. M. GARVIN.

W. H. C. CURTIS.

For State Senator—First District.

OLIVER P. MARSHALL,
of Hancock county.

Altgeldism Are Itself.

The burden of Altgeld's song in his New York speech was that the federal government had no right to interfere in the Chicago riot. If Altgeld is right, the government of the United States is not permitted to enforce its own laws in its own territory. The whole country is United States territory so far as United States law goes.

The city of Wheeling is as much as the District of Columbia. If the United States be powerless to enforce its laws in any part of the country we have no national government worth speaking of. Altgeld knows this, but it suits his purpose to take the other side in the hope of inflaming the passions of the ignorant and the badly disposed.

In the matter of the Chicago riot President Cleveland stood by the law and saved life and property, and for this every good citizen without regard to party was prompt to give him full credit. If the Altgeld view were to prevail the national government would be so powerless as to excite pity and contempt.

Bryan holds the Altgeld view and has the Altgeld support more because he does hold that view than for any other reason. The country knows just what it would have to expect if Bryan were President and a mob were to defy the national authority. The exercise of that authority would be with a President pledged not to exercise it in such a case.

Voters who want that state of affairs are logical in their support of Bryan. Men of the other way of thinking, who think that national law as well as state law is to be respected and obeyed, cannot logically support Bryan and endorse Altgeld.

The tricky Turk is still master of the situation. He is not yet at the end of his game. His game is to play the great powers against each other.

About Popocratic Fusion.

West Virginia Democrats who wish to vote for Bryan and Sewall will have to vote for Bryan and Watson, also, for two of the electors are Bryan and Watson men. But why not vote for Watson as well as Bryan?

Bryan is as much a Populist as Watson. He was nominated, not because he is a Democrat, but because he is a Populist. And still the Democrats of West Virginia do not like to think that they and their party have been swallowed by the Populists.

Some Democrats gaged on the suggestion of a fusion on the state ticket and do not relish the accomplished fusion on the electoral ticket.

The whole Bryan movement is a fusion with the big end of the thing fused into the little end.

Business won't go ahead until it feels itself safe.

It knows whether this is an honest or a dishonest country.

Mr. Bryan's Dignity.

At Owasso, Michigan, Mr. Bryan gave a representation of his idea of the dignity that becomes a candidate for the presidency. The editor of a local newspaper had put some questions to Mr. Bryan through his newspaper. Instead of answering the questions or taking no notice of them, he spent most of his time in asking to have the editor pointed out to him and then in

talking about the cowardice of the gold standard supporters. It is evident that Mr. Bryan's brain power is not sufficient to hold out through a great national campaign. He has shown himself a one-speech orator.

In England there is some criticism of Ambassador Bayard's letter urging Democrats to vote against Bryan. Certainly, Bryan is a free trader.

Our Boys Did Well.

The 'Varsity boys put up a good fight against the La Fayette College team, but the Pennsylvanians were too heavy for them. The West Virginians were short four of their best men, who had been disabled in the earlier games, and they showed pluck in doing as well as they did. The good work and influence of one man were shown when Trenchard took a hand in the game. Then the fun began to fly and interest went up to fever heat. It would have been a great pleasure to see West Virginia win, but our boys were defeated fairly by a team of young gentlemen, and there is no more to say.

Thomas Garfield, a brother of the late President, lives in Michigan. A few weeks ago two men called on him and got him to sign a statement that he favored the use of gold and silver as money. The two men were sharpers who used the statement to show that the brother of the late President was in favor of free silver. This brings from Mr. Garfield the story of the trick and his statement that he stands on the Republican platform and will vote for McKinley. It is written: "He that diggett a pit shall fall therein." It is not well to be too smart.

Altgeld went to New York and talked, but the old time Democratic leaders, where were they? They were not at the Altgeld meeting. For that matter they are not in the Altgeld-Tillman-Debs-Bryan ranks. They are helping directly or indirectly to make William McKinley the next President of the United States. They are helping to defend their country against the Altgelds and the Tillmans and the Debses and the Bryans. The work they are engaged in is the highest order of patriotism.

When Mr. Bryan is asked about free trade he dodges the important question. The lesser lights of his party do the same. In West Virginia the Bryan speakers and writers do not seem to know that there ever was such a thing as a tariff. Four years ago they could talk about nothing else. They try to make the people forget, but men and brethren, the people will not forget.

The people who are bothering themselves about Senator Elkins in this campaign need not lose any sleep. They would do better to try to answer the sound arguments in his level-headed speeches. When he talks he says something, and that something is good. We regret that a due regard for truth does not permit this to be said of the fanciful orators on the other side.

The business men of Wheeling are taking more interest in public matters this year than ever before. A good many of them will be out in the big walk this week to show their deep interest. There will be men in that parade who were never seen in a political demonstration before.

Saturday night's Republican meeting at the Terminal station was a hummer. Mr. Shynne and Mr. Randall talked straight from the shoulder and the big crowd was delighted. The first thing you know the Republican meetings are the meetings this year.

Bryan sent a telegram of congratulation to Altgeld's New York meeting. This was not required in order to convince everybody that Bryan stands with Altgeld against the rightful exercise of the national authority in support of the national laws.

Wheat has no compassion on the free silver people. It goes up on its own hook and lets silver keep on looking for the bottom. This is very sad, but it is business. It also knocks a big hole in one of the free silver arguments.

The Republican marching clubs of Wheeling never did better service than they are doing this year. They respond to every call, and there have been a good many calls. They help to keep things booming.

Your Uncle William McKinley goes right on receiving his countrymen by the thousands and saying words of wisdom to them. There is no hippodrome business about the Front Porch receptions, and they count every time.

Read Mr. Shynne's strong speech delivered here on Saturday night. It is the common sense talk of a practical business man who leaves his business because of his deep interest in his country.

Mr. Bryan's trip through Ohio means a mad dash for that state. He may as well save himself the trouble. Ohio is not for Bryan. McKinley has that state secure against invasion.

Senator Faulkner is missing a lot of fun by not being on the stump in West Virginia this year.

A REPUBLICAN FARMER

Reported by the Register as Converted to Free Silver Writes to Say It Isn't True.

PUGITSVILLE, W. Va., Oct. 16. To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR:—I enclose herewith a clipping from the Register. I am the Republican farmer referred to and I still intend to support the Republican party. I never had any other intention. I firmly believe that McKinley will get more votes in this (Pugittsville) county than any Republican candidate has since the war. I have been a life-long Republican; not for party sake, but for the sake of good government. If you have a mind to correct the misrepresentation, you can do so. Yours truly,

R. N. PAUL.

P. S.—As I am so unfortunate as to only own a flock of sheep, instead of a silver mine, don't you believe it would be as fair for the government to manufacture my wool free, as to manufacture the silver free for the mine owner?

The clipping from the Register referred to by Mr. Paul is from a letter dated at Moorefield, September 17, and signed by the Register's staff correspondent, who accompanied Candidate Watson on his campaign tour to magnify his successes and suppress his failures. The paragraph in question, is as follows: "On the way from Romney to Moorefield, the next governor of West Vir-

ginia stopped to take dinner with a Republican farmer, who detained him for two hours with questions on the currency and who attended the meeting to-day and will vote the Democratic ticket without a scratch."

BANKS AND INTEREST.

An Ignorant Answer Given to a Bank Depositor by the Register.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR:—The following question and answer appear in the Register of last Wednesday:

"WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 13. To the Editor of the Register.

"DEAR SIR:—Will you permit me to ask you a few questions? And please answer through your paper. I have been a depositor in our city banks for a number of years. I used to get 6 per cent per annum on a deposit for a great number of years. I have only been getting 3 per cent. Question: Now, who has caused this decline in my interest on deposits? Do you attribute it to the demonetization of silver, or is it because there is more money in circulation than there was when the banks paid 6 per cent? What year did the interest on deposits in banks begin to decline? I only ask this for information, so if you can will you kindly answer, and if you cannot, will you direct me where I can get the desired information, and oblige.

"Respectfully,"

"DEPOSITOR."

"There is not more but considerably less money in circulation now than was in circulation when the banks of this city paid 6 per cent interest on deposits. If the banks are not able now to be so liberal with their depositors, it is because of the lessened prosperity of the country under the gradual contraction of the currency which has been going on since 1873, because of the demonetization of the currency that has been going on since 1873, because of the demonetization of the most important of our money metals. . . . We do not know in what year the interest on deposits in banks began to decline.

"We will give our correspondent some advice, however, which it will be worth his while to heed if he has money to loan and is dissatisfied with the 3 per cent the banks allow him. Let him take his money out of the bank's hands and place it on some mortgage, either in this state or in the west. He can easily get 6 per cent from those who must have money, but cannot get it without borrowing it at a high rate of interest and then only to the extent of about one-third the actual value of the property they have to offer as security. If our correspondent has money to loan and wishes to go into the usury business, if he will look about him he can get all the way from 6 to 15 per cent for his money. Money under the single gold standard is a dear article and people are anxious to get it. If he has it he is lucky. He can easily loan it and make a nice thing out of it. But let him help the other fellow who has it not, and has nothing but his land and his labor as his capital."

A more ignorant answer, from a business standpoint, and actual knowledge of business principles, could not be given.

It is true that many years ago all the banks paid large interest on special deposits. At that time there were good reasons for so doing, that do not exist to-day.

Money in those days was by no means plenty and the banks were forced to offer a good round rate of interest to obtain the requisite amount needed to do business with, but as an offset, the rate of discount, charged to borrowers, was at that time fully as large in proportion, running from 9 to 15 per cent.

As business of all kind increased, the prosperity brought about a corresponding increase of money and the rate of discount began to drop, until it reached in this locality, an average of 6 per cent. There have been cases during certain periods of the years, when to large consumers it was even less. Naturally, there followed a reduction in the interest rate on special deposits, which is the thing in a nutshell.

As to the advice in regard to loans that will bring "all the way from 6 to 15 per cent," it is very bad advice, for with large amounts of money seeking good real estate investments at 6 per cent, it would be folly for a borrower to pay more. Also the man that offers to pay 8 to 10 per cent, let alone 15, may rest assured that he is on the verge of bankruptcy and will soon get there. Then the investor will have the loss on the other leg and be calling on the Lord to help him out, and forgive him for being a greedy fool.

Wheeling, Oct. 17.

AN ABSURD FALSEHOOD.

Mr. Vinson Nails a Popocratic Lie About the National Democrats.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR:—A few days ago there appeared in the Cincinnati Enquirer a communication sent out from Charleston, in which it was stated that I had offered General Sir. Clair money for names to go upon the petition of the National Democrats, to have their candidates placed upon the ballot.

In the connection I desire to say that there is not one word of truth in that statement, nor do I believe that General Sir. Clair ever gave out or made any such statement.

The article was absurd on its face that at first I was inclined to pay no attention to it, but lest some one might be deceived by it, I thought it well to give it an explicit denial.

Very truly yours,

Z. T. VINSON.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Oct. 15.

The Silver Owner's Profit.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

SIR:—There is so far as I have seen in the discussion of free silver, no reference to the great gain of the silver mine owner by the cheapening production of silver. In case of Bryan's success, if free coinage were established he could pay his labor with half the quantity of silver it now takes, and that would reduce cost of production by the one-half, because labor constitutes probably more than ninety per cent of his expense. Thus the silver barons would not have to depend upon an actual rise in the price of silver to get their great profit out of the free coinage.

Yours truly,

O. P. B.

Clarksburg, W. Va., Oct. 16.

Where is He At?

James H. Patterson in Cincinnati Times-Star.

With a look that's intense, And a gall that's immense, And a superabundance of jaw, The beauty of the man is in the jaw. Of the value that dwells In a dollar that's made by law.

He often has told That the value of gold Has grown in a way that's a shame; But in the next clause He says with just laws That silver will go up just the same.

With silver he'd raise The price of our malice, But he fails to explain How that would be gain. To a man paying double for grub.

When he went to orate, In a far eastern state, He said a dear dollar was best; But he failed to ask When he had come back, He hedged in the south and the west.

So now we will say, Got out of the way, Thou Platte river orator hold; Good things will return, Will live money to burn, Will bring you "crosse of gold."

No Time Should be Lost

By those troubled with constipation in seeking relief from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The disease is easily relieved in its earlier stage, and as it is utterly subversive of the general health, the employment of the remedy is unwise. The name holds good of delay in cases of fever and ague, kidney complaint, nervousness, debility, rheumatism, indigestion, to which the Bitters is particularly adapted.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in quality and strength. Latest United States Government Food Report.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

CONFESSION OF DEFEAT.

The Queer Figures Given Out From Populist Headquarters.

Senator Butler, of North Carolina, chairman of the Populist national committee, in a letter to the New York Journal, makes the following claim by states of the election of Bryan:

Information received at the headquarters of the People's party so far indicate that the following states are almost absolutely safe, with the prospects brightening each day:

Alabama	1	South Dakota	4
Arkansas	2	Utah	2
Florida	4	Washington	2
Georgia	2	Wyoming	2
Louisiana	13	Kentucky	2
Mississippi	9	Kansas	10
Missouri	11	Nebraska	8
South Carolina	15	Indiana	15
Tennessee	11	North Carolina	11
Texas	12	Oregon	2
Virginia	12	California	9
Colorado	2	Maryland	8
Montana	2	West Virginia	6
Nevada	2	Total	232
North Dakota	2		

As this is an official statement from the headquarters of the Bryan forces, from which would naturally come the most encouraging presentation of the case that could be plausibly be presented, it must be accepted by all intelligent and dispassionate leaders as a confession of defeat in the contest.

The total electoral vote he claims as "almost absolutely safe" for Bryan amounts to 232, or only 8 more than the number necessary to elect.

In this list are Kentucky with 13 votes, Kansas with 10, Nebraska with 8, Indiana with 15, Maryland with 8, and West Virginia with 6, all of which are more than "almost absolutely safe" for McKinley, and they aggregate 60 electoral votes. These taken from Chairman Butler's table reduce Bryan to 172, which would leave Bryan short of an election by 52 votes and give McKinley 104 majority in the electoral college.

In addition to the states in Chairman Butler's list, which are reasonable certain to vote for McKinley, the states of Missouri, Virginia, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Washington, Oregon and California are fairly doubtful, with chances, we believe to-day, decidedly in favor of McKinley. The important lesson of this statement of Chairman Butler is that he publicly confesses the defeat of his party, and surrenders the national contest of 1896.

Solomon's Opinion of 16 to 1.

Popocrats, read up in regard to silver in your Bibles and Josephus. If you have no Bible any of your Republican neighbors will lend you one, says the Osage News. Remember that as then, so now, circumstances govern cases. Silver and gold were coming in to Jerusalem in great abundance, but gold being the most precious metal, was in more demand. Although Solomon had the power, he was too wise to establish a ratio of 16 to 1. King David says: "And all the King's drinking vessels were of gold and all the vessels of the house of the forests of Lebanon were of pure gold. None were of silver. It was nothing accounted of in the days of Solomon." In II. Chronicles ix:20, very much the same language is used. 1 Kings x:27: "And the King made silver to be in Jerusalem as stones."

Josephus, chapter 8, page 227: "He also made cups of gold and precious stones for the entertainment of his guests and had them adorned in the most artistic manner, and he contrived that all his furniture of vessels be of gold, for there was nothing then to be bought with silver; for the King had many ships which lay upon the sea of Tarsus. These he commanded to carry out all sorts of merchandise into the remotest nations by the sea, of which silver and gold were brought to the King." Page 228 Josephus says: "He also ordained the Egyptian merchants that brought him merchandise to sell him a chariot with a pair of horses for six hundred drachmae of silver, and he sent them to the Kings of Syria and the Kings that were beyond the Euphrates." It seems by the twentieth chapter of II. Chronicles that David left a very large fund from public and private sources, both of gold and silver. We infer by reading the account of the building of the temple but little silver was used. Silver became so abundant that Solomon, by edict, ordained that the price of a chariot and horses in silver or no trade. Now free silverites, until we get a despotic government, our advice is, go slow.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 24 Mill st., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid medicine on him. He had three hundred and seventy-five doctors with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial bottles free at Logan Drug Co.'s Drug Store.

MANY lives of usefulness have been cut short by neglect to break up an ordinary cold. Pneumonia, bronchitis and even consumption can be averted by the prompt use of One Minute Cough Cure. Charles R. Goetz, corner Twelfth and Market streets; Bowie & Co., Bridgeport; Peabody & Son, Benwood.

SCRATCH AND SCREAM

My baby broke out with a rash. He would scratch and scream. It would take two to hold him and one to give him medicine on him. We had to hold him sometimes an hour before we could get him quieted down. All said that they never saw such a face or body on any baby as on him. I had to tie his hands tight in each night and day, for five months. My sister had used CUTI-CURI, and I began to use it. After only one application, he lay down and slept as he had not for a month, poor little fellow. He has not a scar on him now, and is as fat and his flesh is as soft as any baby. While he had this disease I had to cut the sleeves out of his clothes, and put gauze underwear on him to keep him cool. I had to keep pieces of soft cloth around his neck. It was so wet with moisture from the sores, and I had to change the clothes sometimes ten or twelve times a day.

Mrs. A. H. HAYES, Lion, N. D., writes: "I have tried many different remedies for my child's skin disease, but none did any good. I used CUTI-CURI, and after only one application, he lay down and slept as he had not for a month, poor little fellow. He has not a scar on him now, and is as fat and his flesh is as soft as any baby. While he had this disease I had to cut the sleeves out of his clothes, and put gauze underwear on him to keep him cool. I had to keep pieces of soft cloth around his neck. It was so wet with moisture from the sores, and I had to change the clothes sometimes ten or twelve times a day."

Complete assortment. Also a full line of photo supplies at

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Dry. Warm. Stylish. Dressy.

Alexander,

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Valley

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Stoves

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Ranges

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ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM.

... Made by ...

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WHEELING, W. VA.

Valuable Space for Rent in the large Foundry Building, suitable for manufacturing. Power supplied.

POLITICAL.

CAPT. DOYENER'S APPOINTMENTS.

Capt. B. B. Doyener's assignments are as follows:

Frametown, Braxton county, October 19, day.

Rosedale, Braxton county, October 20, day.

Farmington, Gilmer county, October 21, day.

Cedarville, Gilmer county, October 22, day.

Copans, Braxton county, October 22, day.

Burnsville, Braxton county, October 24, day.

Sutton, Braxton county, October 24, night.

Hon. G. W. Atkinson's Appointments.

October 19, Philippi, 1 p. m.

October 19, Belington, night.

October 20, Bayard, night.

October 21, Elk Garden, night.

October 22, Monaca, night.

October 23, Mannington, day.

October 24, Weston, day.

October 26, Glenville, 1 p. m.

October 27, Sutton, 1 p. m.

October 28, Grafton, day.

October 29, Parkersburg, night.

CHANGES OF VOTING PLACES

Within the City Districts in Ohio

County.

At a meeting of the board of commissioners of the county of Ohio, held at the court house on the 30th day of September, 1896, it was ordered that places of holding elections be changed in the following districts and precincts, viz:

WASHINGTON DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 1—From 504 Main street to 515 Main street.

Precinct No. 3—From 518 Main street to 525 Main street.

Precinct No. 5—From 513 Market street to 501 Market street.

MADISON DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 4—From West Virginia State Fair Association office to 42 South Front street.

Precinct No. 5—From southeast corner Virginia and South Broadway to the southeast corner of Virginia and South York street.

Precinct No. 6—From No. 8 North Huron street to 141 Zane street.

CLAY DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 1—From St. Charles Hotel to 1113 Market street.

Precinct No. 4—From 62 Twelfth street to 1125 East street.

UNION DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 3—From 168 Sixteenth street to No. 200 Sixteenth street.

CENTRE DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 2—From 243 Main street to 2160 Main street.

WEBSTER DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 1—From corner Alley 23 and Market street to 257 Market street.

Precinct No. 4—From corner of East and Twenty-fifth streets to 2500 East street.

Precinct No. 6—From corner of Twenty-seventh and East streets to